Use substitution to find where the linear and quadratic equations intersect.

1.
$$y = x^{2} + 4x - 5$$

 $3x - y = -1$
2. $y = 2x^{2} + 4x$
 $2x - 2y = 8$

 $\begin{array}{ll} 3. \quad y = x^2 - 2x - 6\\ \quad y = -7 \end{array}$

4. $y = -x^2 + 2x + 5$ -x + y = -1 5. $y = x^2 - 2x + 2$ -6x + 3y = -6

6. $y = x^2 + 6x - 1$ $y = -x^2 - 6x - 1$